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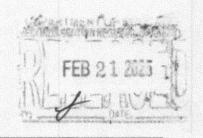
NORMA P. ESTEBAN EdD, CESO V Schools Division Superintendent
Office of the Schools Division Superintendent
SCHOOLS DIVISION OF BULACAN



Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

REGION III-CENTRAL LUZON



REGIONAL MEMORANDUM

No. 094 , s. 2025

REMINDER ON THE STRICT OBSERVANCE OF THE JOINT COMELEC-CSC ADVISORY ON ELECTIONEERING AND PARTISAN POLITICAL ACTIVITIES

To

Assistant Regional Director

Schools Division Superintendents

Heads of Public Elementary and Secondary Schools

All Others Concerned

- 1. Relative to the upcoming Midterm Elections slated on May 12, 2025, all teaching and nonteaching personnel of this region are reminded on the strict observance of the COMELEC-CSC Joint Circular No. s. 2016 titled Advisory on Electioneering & Partisan Political Activities.
- 2. Notwithstanding this, Section 12 of the said Joint Circular listed activities which are deemed **excluded** from the coverage of electioneering and partisan political activity, to wit:
 - a. Casting one's vote.
 - b. Expressing one's views on current political problems and issues;
 - c. Mentioning the names of candidates or parties whom one supports:
 - d. Letters (a) to (e) of paragraph 8 of the Joint Circular, when performed for the purpose of enhancing the chances as aspirants for nomination for candidacy for public office by a political party coalition;
 - e. Public expressions, opinions, or discussions of probable issues in a forthcoming election, on or attributes of or criticism against probable candidates to be nominated in a forthcoming political party convention;
 - f. Social media functions such as "liking," commenting, "sharing," reposting, or following candidate's or party's account, unless these are resorted as a means to solicit support for or against a candidate or party during the campaign period.







Address: Matalino St. D.M. Government Center, Maimpis,

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Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

REGION III-CENTRAL LUZON

- 3. A complete copy of the Joint Circular is attached for reference.
- 4. For information, guidance and strict compliance.

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RONNIE S. MALLARI, PhD, CESO V

Regional Director

Enclosure: As stated.

Reference: May 12, 2025 National and Local Elections Calendar of Activities

To be indicated in the <u>Perpetual Index</u> under the following subjects:

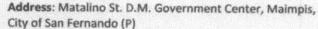
ELECTION GUIDELINES RULES AND REGULATIONS

AO1/ February 13, 2025









Telephone Number: (045) 598-8580 to 89 Email Address: region3@deped.gov.ph Website: https://region3.deped.gov.ph/







COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS and CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Joint Circular No. 201, Series of 2016

TO

All Officers and Employees of the Government of the

Republic of the Philippines, including Any of Its

Agencies, Subdivisions, and Instrumentalities

SUBJECT

JOINT COMELEC-CSC ADVISORY ON

ELECTIONEERING & PARTISAN POLITICAL

ACTIVITIES

DATE

2 9 MAR 2015

POLICY STATEMENT

- The Commission on Elections, an independent constitutional commission tasked to enforce and administer all laws and regulations relative to the conduct of Philippine elections, and the Civil Service Commission, an independent constitutional commission that serves as the central personnel agency of the Philippine Government, aim to accomplish the following:
 - To ensure that members of the civil service and the armed forces shall remain focused on the efficient discharge of their duties and functions;
 - b) To do away with the "spoils system" which is anothema to the principles of meritocracy at the heart of the Philippine civil service system and military service; and
 - c) To shield officers and employees of the civil service and the armed forces from the vagaries of politics.

PURPOSE

2. This Joint Circular is issued to advise and remind all officers and employees of the Philippine Government, including any of its agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities, of the constitutional, statutory, and other regulatory prohibitions against engaging in any electioneering or partisan political activities.

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CONSTITUTIONAL PROHIBITIONS

- Article IX(B), Section 2, Paragraph 4 of the 1987 Constitution provides that: "No
 officer or employee in the civil service shall engage, directly or indirectly, in
 any electioneering or partisan political campaign." (Emphases supplied)
- 4. Also, Article XVI, Section 5, Paragraph 3 of the 1987 Constitution provides that: "The armed forces shall be insulated from partisan politics. No member of the military shall engage, directly or indirectly, in any partisan political activity, except to vote." (Emphases supplied)

STATUTORY PROHIBITIONS

5. Section 261(i) of Batas Pambansa Blg. 881, otherwise known as the Omnibus Election Code, penalizes as election offenses the electioneering and partisan political activities committed by members of the civil service and the military:

"Intervention of public officers and employees. - Any officer or employee in the civil service, except those holding political offices; any officer, employee, or member or the Armed Forces of the Philippines, or any police force, special forces, home defense forces, barangay self-defense units and all other para-military units that now exist or which may hereafter be organized who, directly or indirectly, intervenes in any election campaign or engages in any partisan political activity, except to vote or to preserve public order, if he is a peace officer." (Emphases supplied)

 Book V, Title I(A), Chapter 8, Section 55 of Executive Order No. 292, otherwise known as the Administrative Code of 1987, reiterates the said prohibition:



"Political Activity. - No officer or employee in the Civil Service including members of the Armed Forces, shall engage directly or indirectly in any partisan political activity or take part in any election except to vote nor shall he use his official authority or influence to coerce the political activity of any other person or body. Nothing herein provided shall be understood to prevent any officer or employee from expressing his views on current political problems or issues, or from mentioning the names of candidates for public office whom he supports: Provided, That public officers and employees holding political offices may take part in political and electoral activities but it shall be unlawful for them to solicit contributions from their subordinates or subject them to any of the acts involving subordinates prohibited in the Election Code." (Emphases supplied)

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Section 93 of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code of 1991, also reiterates the prohibition:

"Partisan Political Activity. - No local official or employee in the career civil service shall engage directly or indirectly in any partisan political activity or take part in any election, initiative, referendum, plebiscite, or recall, except to vote, nor shall he use his official authority or influence to cause the performance of any political activity by any person or body. He may, however, express his views on current issues, or mention the names of certain candidates for public office whom he supports. Elective local officials may take part in partisan political and electoral activities, but it shall be unlawful for them to solicit contributions from their subordinates or subject these subordinates to any of the prohibited acts under the Omnibus Election Code." (Emphases supplied)

COVERED ACTIVITIES

- 8. In accordance with Section 1, Paragraph 4 of COMELEC Resolution No. 10049 (promulgated 01 February 2016), an "election campaign" or "partisan political activity" refers to any act designed to promote the election or defeat of a particular candidate/s or party/ies to public office, which includes any of the following:
 - a) Forming organizations, associations, clubs, committees, or other groups of persons for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign for or against a candidate/party;
 - Holding political caucuses, conferences, meetings, rallies, parades, or other similar assemblies for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign for or against a candidate/party;
 - Making speeches, announcements, or commentaries, or holding interviews for or against the election of any candidate or party for public office;
 - d) Publishing, displaying, or distributing campaign literature, or materials designed to support or oppose the election of any candidate or party;
 - e) Directly or indirectly soliciting votes, pledges, or support for or against any candidate or party;
- 9. CSC Memorandum Circular No. 30 (s. 2009),² citing CSC Memorandum Circular No. 40 (s. 1998). adds the following acts to the abovementioned enumeration:

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Entitled: "Rules and Regulations Implementing Republic Act No. 9006, otherwise known as the Fair Elections Act, in connection with the 09 May 2016 National and Local Elections."

Entitled: "Reminder to All Government Officials and Employees Holding Non-Political Offices/Positions of the Prohibitions from Engaging Directly or Indirectly in Any Partisan Political Activity."

Entitled: "Revised Omnibus Rules on Appointments and Other Personnel Actions."

 a) Being a delegate to any political convention, or a member of any political committee or directorate, or an officer of any political club or other similar political organizations;

b) Receiving any contributions for political purposes, either directly or

indirectly; and

 Becoming publicly identified with the success or failure of any candidate/s or party/ies.

10. CSC Memorandum Circular No. 09 (s. 1992),4 includes the following prohibited acts:

 Wearing of t-shirts or pins, caps or any other similar election paraphernalia bearing the names of the candidates or political party except as authorized by the Commission on Elections;

b) Being a watcher for a political party or candidate during the election;

c) Consistent presence in political rallies, caucuses of, and continuous companionship with certain political candidates and/or political party in said political activities, causing the employee to be closely identified with such candidate and/or with political party;

d) Giving personal, financial or other monetary contribution, supplies, equipment and materials for the benefit of a candidate and/or political party;

- e) Utilizing government resources such as personnel including job orders or contract of service hirees, time and properties for political purposes.
- 11. The following acts are illustrative examples provided by jurisprudence:

a) Distributing handbills/leaflets;5

b) Attendance at political meetings and caucuses;⁶

c) Distribution of letters indicating intention to run for public office;7

EXCLUDED ACTIVITIES

- 12. The following acts are deemed excluded from the coverage of electioneering and partisan political activity:
 - a) Casting one's vote;8

b) Expressing one's views on current political problems or issues;

c) Mentioning the names of candidates or parties whom one supports; to

People vs. De Venecia, G.P., No. 1-20808, 31 July 1965.

Trinidad vs. Valle, A.M. No. 2258-CFI, 20 July 1981.

Vistan vs. Nicolas, A.M. No. MTI-87-79, T3 September 1991.

8 Quinto vs. Commission on Elections, G.R. No. 189698, 22 February 2010.

Id.

iii Id. See also People vs. De Venecia. supra.

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Entitled: "Specific Acts Which Public Officers and Employees in the Career and Non-Career Service Not Holding Political Offices Can Do and Not Do Relative to the Prohibition Against Electioneering in Addition To Those Prescribed in M.C. 2 Series of 1992."

d) Letters (a) to (e) of Paragraph 8 of this Joint Circular, when performed for the purpose of enhancing the chances of aspirants for nomination for candidacy to public office by a political party or coalition;¹¹

e) Public expressions, opinions, or discussions of probable issues in a forthcoming election, or on attributes of or criticisms against probable candidates to be nominated in a forthcoming political party convention;¹²

f) Social media functions such as "liking," commenting, "sharing," re-posting, or following a candidate's or party's account, "unless these are resorted as a means to solicit support for or against a candidate or party during the campaign period.

COVERED PERSONS

- 13. The following are persons prohibited from engaging in any electioneering or partisan political activities:
 - Members of the Civil Service in all branches, subdivisions, instrumentalities, and agencies of the Philippine Government, including government-ownedor-controlled corporations with original charters, and state universities and colleges, whether their appointments are permanent, temporary, contractual, or even casual;
 - b) Career officers holding political offices in an acting or officer-in-charge (OIC) capacity; and
 - c) Uniformed and active members of the Armed Forces of the Philippines and the Philippine National Police.

do not solicit contributions from their subordinates or subject them to any of

An employee on leave of absence is still covered by the prohibition on electioneering or partisan political activities.

EXCLUDED PERSONS

- 14. The following are persons excluded from the coverage of the prohibition against engaging in any electioneering or partisan political activities, for as long as they
 - a) The President and Vice President;
 - b) Members of the Cabinet;15
 - c) Other elective public officials except barangay officials;
 - d) Personal and confidential staff of the abovementioned officials;

the acts prohibited in the Omnibus Election Code:14

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Omnibus Election Code, Section 79, See also Señeres vs. Commission on Elections, G.R. No. 178678, 16 April 2009.

¹² Id.

See Disini vs. Secretary of Justice, G.R. No. 203335, 11 February 2014.

See CSC Memorandum Circular No. 2 (s. 1992).

¹⁵ Santos vs. Yatco, G.R. No. L-16133, 06 November 1959.

le Quinto vs. Commission on Elections, supra.

e) Members of the reserve corps of the Armed Forces of the Philippines.¹⁷

COVERED PERIOD

15. With reference to COMELEC Resolution No. 9981 (promulgated on 18 August 2015), as amended, the campaign periods vis-à-vis the 09 May 2016 National and Local Elections are as follows:

For President, Vice President, Senators, and Party-List Groups	09 February 2016 to 07 May 2016 ¹⁸ (90 days before Election Day)
 For District Representatives and Local Elective Positions	25 March 2016 ¹⁰ to 07 May 2016 (45 days before Election Day)

- 16. Section 80 of the Omnibus Election Code, which has not yet been repealed, provides that "[i]t shall be unlawful for any person, whether or not a voter or candidate, or for any party, or association of persons, to engage in an election campaign or partisan political activity except during the campaign period: Provided, That political parties may hold political conventions or meetings to nominate their official candidates within thirty days before the commencement of the campaign period and forty-five days for Presidential and Vice-Presidential election." (Emphases and underscore supplied)
- 17. Further, the last paragraph of Section 5 of Republic Act No. 7166 provides that "[a]ny election campaign or partisan political activity for or against any candidate outside of the campaign period herein provided is prohibited and shall be considered as an election offense punishable under Section 263 and 264 of the Omnibus Election Code."



IMPOSABLE PENALTIES

18. Engaging directly or indirectly in partisan political activities by members of the Civil Service is a less grave offense punishable by suspension of one (1) month and one (1) day suspension to six (6) months for the first (1st) offense, and dismissal from the service for the second (2nd) offense, under Section 46(D) (10), Rule 10 of CSC Resolution No. 1101502 dated 8 November 2011, otherwise known as the Revised Rules on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service.

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Cailles vs. Bonifacio, G.R. No. L-45937, 25 February 1938.

Please note that Section 3 of COMELEC Resolution No. 10049 (promulgated 01 February 2016) prohibits all forms of campaigning on the day before Election Day and Election Day itself.

Please note that Section 3 of COMELEC Resolution No. 10049 also prohibits all forms of campaigning on 25 March 2016, which is Good Friday.

Penera vs. Commission on Elections, G.R. No. 181613, 11 September 2009. Here, the Supreme Court held that Section 13 of Republic Act No. 9369 did not repeal Section 80 of the Omnibus Election Code.

a) Suspension for one (1) day or more shall be considered a gap in the continuity of service. During the period of suspension, respondent shall not be entitled to all monetary benefits, including leave credits.²¹

b) The penalty of suspension shall carry with it disqualification from

promotion corresponding to the period of suspension.22

c) The penalty of dismissal shall result in the permanent separation of the respondent from the service, without prejudice to criminal or civil liability.²¹

- d) The penalty of dismissal shall carry with it cancellation of eligibility, forfeiture of retirement benefits, perpetual disqualification from holding public office, and bar from taking civil service examinations.²⁴
- 19. To reiterate, Section 261(i) of the Omnibus Election Code penalizes as election offenses the electioneering and partisan political activities committed by members of the civil service and the military. Section 264 provides that "[a]ny person found guilty of any election offense under this Code shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than one year but not more than six years and shall not be subject to probation. In addition, the guilty party shall be sentenced to suffer disqualification to hold public office and deprivation of the right of suffrage."
- 20. Erring officers and enlisted personnel of the Armed Forces of the Philippines may be disciplined before the appropriate courts-martial under Commonwealth Act No. 408, as amended, otherwise known as the Articles of War.

INTERNAL POLICIES

21. This Joint Circular is without prejudice to internal policies that have been adopted or may hereinafter be adopted by all covered agencies insufar as they are not inconsistent herewith.

EFFECTIVITY

22. This Joint Circular shall take effect immediately.

J. ANDRES D. BAUTISTA

Chairperson

Commission on Elections

ALICIA dela ROSA-BALA

Chairperson
Civil Service Commission

Revised Rules on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service, Rule 10, Section 51(c), Paragraph 2.

²² Id., Section 52(c).

^{2.} ld., Section 51(a).

²⁴ Id., Section 52(a).